

Dream It. Furnish It. Love It.

[SOFA] Instruction Manual

SOFAS

A sofa is never just a seat. It is a soft escape, a quiet retreat, a silent witness to the poetry of everyday life.

In the hush of early morning, it cradles your first cup of coffee. At twilight, it gathers the golden light — and the people you love. On restless nights, it becomes a cocoon of quiet, where dreams unfold like slow-moving clouds.

This is where stories are whispered, books devoured, secrets exchanged.

Where lovers fall asleep mid-conversation. Where time pauses, and breath deepens.

Close your eyes. You're not just sitting. You're floating. Held not by fabric, but by intention. Not by frame, but by feeling.

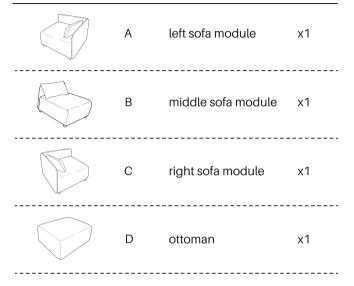
In your living room, it becomes the heart. In your studio, a statement. In your life, a rhythm.

This is more than furniture.
This is a feeling.
A moment.
A dream.

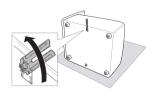
This is home.

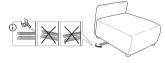
- the art of stillness

Parts List



Installation





STEP 1

Please rotate the long end of the crocodile mouth buckle under the middle modular sofa 90 degrees.



STEP 2

Align the short crocodile mouth buckle of the right modular sofa, and then slowly push the sofa in to connect it.



STEP 3

 Repeat the previous step on the other side.

Installation



Disconnect

 Lift the sofa with short crocodile mouth buckle to unlock it naturally



Finally, place the ottoman

Free combination



Modular sofa



Description:

This three-seater modular sofa is inspired by the soft light of a Nordic winter morning, as light and transparent as the morning light penetrating the mist. The light beige fabric exudes a natural texture, low-key and elegant, like a warm atmosphere wrapped in a soft blanket.

The overall modular design of the sofa has ample seat depth and is matched with cushions in the same color, providing an inclusive and comfortable experience for the occupants. Whether reading alone, chatting intimately, or gathering with family, this sofa can become a quiet harbor in the living room. It is especially suitable for modern urban families, minimalist homes, boutique apartments or open spaces.

Its simple appearance also makes it easy to match furniture and soft furnishings of different styles. Whether it is a cold space of black, white and gray, or a home environment with warm wood tones, it can be naturally integrated with it, adding lightness and style to the space.

Material:

Frame: pine wood + plywood

· Sponge: back/seat

• Fabric: 81% POLYPROPYLENE + 19% POLYESTER

Base: rubber wood

Notice

- Avoid placing your sofa in direct sunlight to prevent fading or discoloration.
- Keep your sofa away from heat sources (radiators, fireplaces) to avoid warping or damage to fabric and frame.
- Maintain a room humidity level of 40%-60% to protect wooden or leather components.
- Rotate and fluff cushions regularly to maintain shape and comfort.
- Avoid jumping or standing on the sofa, as this may damage the frame or upholstery.
- Minor variations in color, grain, and texture are natural characteristics of leather, wood, and fabric.
- Over time, fabric and leather may develop a soft patina a testament to their natural beauty and your use.
- Pilling may occur with some fabrics; this is a normal characteristic and can be removed with a fabric shaver.



Maintenance

Furniture should be arranged to avoid touching walls or heat sources to prevent damage from heatand moisture. As a general rule, it is recommended to lightly vacuum the furniture every week to getrid of dirt, dust, hair etc. and rotating reversible cushions frequently. Adding this simple step to yourcleaning process will extend the life of your furniture significantly. Colours on textiles are also proneto light fading. Exposure to direct sunlight will damage fibres as well as dull colours, over time this willmake the fibres brittle and cause them to break. Avoid direct sun where possible or hang protective curtains.

1) Piling

Piling may occur as a result of normal everyday use. It is a natural occurrence when loose fibres on the surface begins to twist. Pills can be removed with a small, electric 'de-piller' and will not damage the fabric.

2) Overall cleaning

- How often your furniture needs cleaning will depend on your personal use and household. As ageneral recommendation most family room furniture should receive proper cleaning every 12 months. With furniture that sees 'normal wear', a yearly cleaning will preserve and enhance wool or woolblend upholstery.
- Furniture that might be near food and beverages may need to be cleaned more often, as well as ones used by children and pets.
- It is important to make sure you use the right cleaners for your upholstery as the wrong one might cause fading, staining etc.
- Only use products designed forupholstery, and avoid any cleaners made for hard surface cleaning like ammonia, soap or bleach.
- Some fabrics and covers can be washed in the washing machine, however this depends on the typeof textile and the backing used.
- If unsure, always use a cold wash cycle and non-dyed detergent.
- Avoid dryers.

Maintenance

3) Spills and stains

With small spills and stains, time is of essence and spot cleaning should be the first step. Most stains can be avoided if treated right away. Most stains can be cleaned with water, upholstery shampoo or a suitable spot cleaner. Do not leave stains to dry as this will make them harder to clean. Wipe up any excess liquid or solids, and with the right product work from the edge of the stain inwards to avoid spreading.

4) Spot cleaning

If you do not have a stain remover, here are some recommendations on how to deal with themost common stains:

- INK Moisten with warm glycerine. Leave for 10 minutes. Apply liquid detergent and brush lightly. Blot with water and dry quickly. Upholstery shampoo can also be used for this.
- ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES After the moisture has been blotted up, dab
 at the stain with a clean cloth dampened in rubbing alcohol. Then blot
 repeatedly with liquid detergent mixed with cool water. Blotdry with a
 towel. Dab again with clear cool water and blot dry.
- COFFEE/TEA Sponge with warm water. Apply warm glycerine. Leave for 30 minutes. Flush out withwater and dry quickly.
- BLOOD After the moisture has been blotted up, dab at the stain with a clean cloth dampened inrubbing alcohol. Then blot repeatedly with liquid detergent mixed with cool water. Blot dry with atowel. Dab again with clear cool water and blot dry.
- CHEWING GUM Rub an ice cube over the gum to harden it, then scrape
 off the excess with a dull knife. To remove what's left, use dry cleaning
 fluid.



Dream It. Furnish It. Love It.